







I'm a Coach- Now What?
Understanding Your Legal Obligations



Webinar Archives

If you didn't have a chance to catch the previous webinars in this series, here's your chance:





Coaches – Nutrition and your Team

Speaker: Kim Gutler, Kim's Apron

Ottawa Sport Council: http://sportottawa.ca/coaches-nutrition-and-your-team/ SIRC: http://sirc.ca/webinar/coaches-nutrition-and-your-team/

Bidding & Hosting Sport Events 101

Speaker: Jason Robinson, Sport Law & Strategy Group

Ottawa Sport Council: http://sportottawa.ca/bidding-and-hosting-sport-events-101/

SIRC: http://sirc.ca/webinar/bidding-hosting-sport-events-101

Watch the recorded version of the webinars on the Ottawa Sport Council or SIRC website



Ottawa Sport Council

- Non-profit membership based service organization
- Established 2013 in response to demand for assistance from community sporting organizations

Key Activities:

- Municipal Sport Strategy in partnership with City Staff –
- Support of Community Sporting Organizations
 - Build organizational capacity
 - Assist with challenges:
- Establish common vision, cohesive approach for sport



Jeff Darwin Board Member Ottawa Sport Council



Key Programs

- Ottawa Sport Council Foundationendowment fund to support community sporting organizations thru grants
- Lunchtime online webinar series-February/March 2015
 - Nutrition for Athletes
 - Hosting of Sporting Events
 - Legal Obligations for Coaches
 - Social Media Demystified
 - Ottawa Sport Council Annual Summit November 1 2014
 - over 100 attendees,
 - key note speakers included Ian Mendes (TSN), Adrian Harewood (CBC), Ottawa Sports and Entertainment Group (OSEG) (sponsorship team),Ottawa Senators social media team

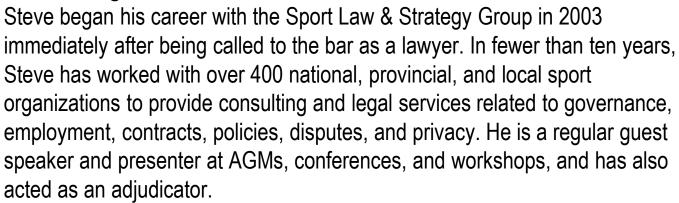


Jeff Darwin Board Member Ottawa Sport Council



Today's Speaker

Steven Indig





Steve graduated from Dalhousie University with a Bachelors of Recreation degree and a successful five-year career as varsity athlete in swimming. He continues to be involved in swimming as a master's swimmer (Canadian Masters Swimming medalist) and a coach at the Vaughan Aquatic Club.

Contact: sji@sportlaw.ca

Sport Law & Strategy Group



Sport Law & Strategy Group

Providing strategic insight to the Canadian sport community through professional services in these areas:

- Legal Solutions & Risk Management
- Planning & Governance
- Communications & Coaching



SOME OF OUR CLIENTS



























ONTARIO UNIVERSITY ATHLETICS

























AGENDA

- Negligence
- Screening
- Position of Trust/Authority
- Social Media





OUTLINE

Question 1 - How does the law expect a coach to behave?

Answer → negligence & liability

Question 2 - Given what the law expects, how does a coach ensure that he/she behaves appropriately?

Answer → risk management



NEGLIGENCE/ACCIDENTS

Negligence occurs only when:

- A Duty of Care is owed,
- The Standard of Care is breached,
- Harm or Loss occurs,
- The breach of the Standard causes or substantially contributes to the Harm or Loss





DUTY OF CARE

A person owes a duty to anyone who they ought to know could be affected by his/her actions

COACHES → ATHLETES!

A duty arises by virtue of a "relationship" between two parties, and the coach-athlete relationship is clearly one which establishes a duty of care.



STANDARD OF CARE



Written/published standards

- Equipment standards
- Organization policies & rules
- Facility rules
- Code of Conduct
- Coaching/teaching/leadership manuals

Unwritten/unpublished standards

- New developments and Trends
- Network
- Pursue and Participate in Professional Development.

Case law

Common sense

- Intuition
- Knowledge
- Experience
- Gut



STANDARD OF CARE

Behaviour is not negligent

Behaviour is negligent

Highest possible level of care

- risk is eliminated

Reasonable standard of care in the circumstances

- risk is appropriately managed

Failure to exercise any care

- risk is ignored



Myers v. Peel Country Board of Education (1981)

- Fifteen year old boy suffers broken neck while dismounting rings in a gymnastic class.
- Standard of Care required of a coach is that of a careful or prudent parent.
- A prudent parent would not:
 - Use substandard mats when more protective mats available.
 - Permit a his/her child to practice dangerous maneuvers without adult supervision.



What we learned from Myers

The potential for accidents will be reduced if the following four tests are met:

- Activity is suitable to the participant's age and condition (mental and physical);
- 2. Participant is progressively trained to do activity properly;
- 3. Equipment is adequate and suitably arranged; and
- 4. The performance is properly supervised.



Hamstra v. BC Rugby Union (1989)

- Rendered quadriplegic when scrum collapsed.
- Sued coach for mismatching athletes playing the prop positions.
- Test for negligence is "whether [the coach]
 acted in accordance with the ordinary skill and
 care of a coach in the circumstances in which
 he found himself."



Hamstra Continued

- Written Standards
 - Court ruled coach acted in accordance with the Rules of the Game, safety regulations, and accompanying guidelines promoted by the sport's governing body.
- Unwritten Standards
 - Coach properly taught all players proper technique.



Case Law Summary

- Hamsta establishes a lesser duty of care than the standard in Myers.
- Coaches have an obligation to act within those parameters established by these two cases.
- ** Coaches should be prepared to act within the standard of a reasonable and careful parent, the higher standard of care established by the Supreme Court of Canada**



Poll & Questions?



SCREENING





GROWING CONSENSUS

Debate is not on <u>whether</u> we must screen (as it is widely accepted that we must) but:

How it should be done...

Given the need to find balance between the duty of an organization to provide a safe environment and the practical limits of what an organization can do.



THINGS TO THINK ABOUT

- Drafting a Screening Policy
 - Who is to be screened:
 - Those persons who have difficulty protecting themselves and are at risk due to age, disability, handicap or other circumstance"
 - What acts are prohibited?
 - How are you going to make decisions on each person?
 - How are you going to manage confidential records ... etc.



Pre-Hiring Screening Tools

- Create Job Description
- Create application form
- 1st, 2nd or 3rd Interview
- Police Record Check
- Check References

Post-Hiring Screening Tools

- Orientation/Training
- Impose a Probationary Period
- Evaluations
- Follow up with participants and coworkers



TEN "SAFE STEPS" PROGRAM

- 1. Determine the risk
- 2. Write a clear position description
- 3. Establish a formal recruitment process
- 4. Use an application form
- 5. Conduct interviews

- 6. Follow up on references
- 7. Request a Police Records Check
- 8. Conduct orientation and training sessions
- 9. Supervise and evaluate
- 10. Follow up with program participants



CONCLUDING THOUGHTS

- Screening must find a balance between the individual's legitimate rights and the organization's legitimate need to protect clients, participants and the public
- There is a "sliding scale" of screening
- Screening is far more than police checks
- The process of screening is a process of managing risks
- Your screening procedures will be specific to your organization and circumstances



Poll & Questions?



POSITION OF TRUST





Criminal Code

- Section 153(1) prohibits every person who is in a position of trust or authority towards a young person, from engaging in any sexual activity with that young person, even where the activity is consensual.
- Section 273.1(2)(c) prohibits the defense of consent in cases of sexual assault where the accused is abusing a position of trust, power or authority, regardless of the age of the complainant.



"Position of Trust"

- An obligation of special responsibility is placed on someone that is not placed on a normal person in society.
- A duty is imposed upon a coach to conduct themselves in a certain fashion in relation to the person they owe the duty to.
- Possesses a lawful or unlawful power to command and direct the athlete.



Case Law Summary

- There is no single or simple legal test to determine if a coach is in a legal position of trust or authority over an athlete.
- The following factors are significant:
 - Is there an imbalance of power between the coach and the athlete?
 - What is the age difference between the coach and the athlete?
 - Does the coach give orders and does the athlete comply with these orders?
 - Is the coach/athlete relationship ongoing or has it been suspended or terminated?



SOCIAL MEDIA

- -Facebook
- -Internet
- -Etc.





Issues with Computer-Mediated Communication (CMC)

- ✓ Role Ambiguity, Credibility and Clarity
- ✓ Closeness (Hyperpersonal)
 - ✓ Say things online that you would not normally say face-to-face. There is no 'sober second thought'.



On Facebook... the biggest challenge

✓ Viewing illegal or irresponsible conduct





CONSTRUCTIVE KNOWLEDGE?



Coach's Personal Social Media Guidelines

- ✓ For coaches... personal guidelines
 - ✓ Not necessarily written
 - ✓ Standard and consistent
 - Transparent
- ✓ Every coach should be prepared to answer questions about their personal guidelines when it comes to coach-athlete interactions on Facebook



Sample Guidelines for Coaches

- ✓ Be consistent in your use of Facebook with athletes. If you accept one athlete as your Facebook friend you must accept all of your athletes
- ✓ Don't pressure athletes into befriending you on Facebook
- ✓ Interact with your athlete when invited to do so; for example by replying to an athlete's comments on your personal pictures
- ✓ Limit initiating contact on Facebook. Limit wall posts. Avoid commenting on an athlete's personal pictures.
- ✓ Ensure that parents are aware that some coach-athlete interactions may take place on Facebook, by texting, or by instant messaging.
- ✓ Parents may want to interact with you via these media as well.
- ✓ Team information should not be distributed on, or limited to, Facebook.
- ✓ Remember coaches and athletes are not "friends" even if Facebook says that you are



"If I wave to the kids on the bus first, they would think I'm a pervert. But if they wave to me first, then it's OK for me to wave back" (Diaz, 2008).

Diaz, J. (2008). Facebook's squirmy chapter. Retrieved May 29, 2008 from the Boston Globe website http://www.boston.com/lifestyle/articles/2008/04/16/facebooks_squirmy_chapter/



Get in touch



- Marcia Morris
- Executive Director, Ottawa Sport Council
- marci@sportottawa.ca
- SportOttawa.ca



- Steven Indig
- Sport Law & Strategy Group
- sji@sportlaw.ca
- sportlaw.ca



Sport Information Resource Centre sirc.ca



Questions?



Webinar Archives

If you didn't have a chance to catch the previous webinars in this series, here's your chance:





Coaches – Nutrition and your Team

Speaker: Kim Gutler, Kim's Apron

Ottawa Sport Council: http://sportottawa.ca/coaches-nutrition-and-your-team/ SIRC: http://sirc.ca/webinar/coaches-nutrition-and-your-team/

Bidding & Hosting Sport Events 101

Speaker: Jason Robinson, Sport Law & Strategy Group

Ottawa Sport Council: http://sportottawa.ca/bidding-and-hosting-sport-events-101/

SIRC: http://sirc.ca/webinar/bidding-hosting-sport-events-101

Watch the recorded version of the webinars on the Ottawa Sport Council or SIRC website



Thank you

Next webinar: Wednesday, April 8



http://sirc.ca/events/webinars